# 17. Building Process









Industrial halls Construction Costs, (depends on purpose, materiál)

CZK 17,800 - 23,700/m<sup>2</sup> CZK 28,000 - 43,000/m<sup>2</sup>

Office buildings Construction Costs, (depends on construction system etc.)  $CZK 80 - 1,000/m^2$ 

Final Landscaping Costs, (vegetation cover etc.)

Building a new plant in Czechia is a similar procedure as in other European countries. Czechia offers an effective planning process and rapid construction capabilities. In most cases, it takes between one to two years to go from a completely vacant greenfield site to completion of a new facility. This time span can be shortened in municipal industrial zones, where land plots and infrastructure are already prepared and local officials have been trained by CzechInvest to effectively support investors.

## **Authority approvals**

Czech planning processes are similar to those in other EU countries. A construction project generally has to be approved by the relevant authorities in the following steps:

- 1. Environmental Impact Assessment Screening & Scoping Proceedings
- 2. Environmental Impact Assessment full EIA procedure \*
- 3. Planning permit
- 4. IPPC Integrated permit \*
- 5. Building permit (Construction permit)
- 6. Trial operation permit / Final approval

\* Step 2 "Environmental Impact Assessment- full EIA procedure" and step 4 "IPPC - Integrated permit" apply to extensive investment projects that exceed the limits stipulated by the respective laws, or if it is required by competent authority (Ministry of the Environment or Regional authority). Many investment projects that CzechInvest is involved in, do not relate to steps 2 and 4.

# **Environmental Impact Assessment of the Project**

The rules and ways of environmental impact assessments are stated in Act. No. 100/2001 Coll., as amended by later regulations, which is based on the European Community's EIA guidelines for industrial projects.

The Annex No. 1 of this Act defines two categories of projects:

- Category I projects which are always subject to assessment full "EIA procedure" EIA procedure is applicable for projects meeting or exceeding the relevant thresholds stated by this category. Usually required for an extensive project with a significant environmental impact (depends on the type of project).
- Category II projects requiring "Screening & Scoping proceedings" Screening proceedings (often colloquially called "short EIA" or "First phase of EIA") assess projects environmental impacts and defines whether full EIA procedure is needed or not. The final decision is made by competent authority (Regional authority, in special cases the Ministry of the Environment). This Screening & Scoping proceedings usually takes 2-3 months (after all the data is collected). If a full EIA procedure is not required, then the competent authority issue a positive statement and no follow-up procedure is conducted. In the opposite case, the EIA documentation must be completed and a full EIA procedure, including a public hearing, is necessary. The duration of this process is typically additional 5-8 months.

Positive statement from any of above stated procedures is obligatory condition for obtaining the Planning as well Building Permit.

# **Planning Permit**



Last update: December 2023

The planning permit is important document investors need in order to proceed with a project (it deals mainly with the outer appearance of the planned construction, its impact on its surroundings – noise, emissions, etc., infrastructure and utility connections). The planning proceedings begins with an application of a Planning Permit Documentation (in detail of concept design, extended according to the Czech legislation) including several statements from the relevant authorities and can be completed in 3-4 months (without obtaining the statements). The earthworks/landscaping can begin. The planning permit defines the land allotted for the proposed purpose and states the conditions the investor must observe. The permit is valid for two or five years and may be extended by the Building Office upon request.

#### IPPC - Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (Integrated Permit)

The Act No. 76/2002 Coll. (in accordance with European Parliament and Council Directive No. 2010/75/EU) sets forth the key principles to be followed by operators of certain industrial installations (expressly listed in the Annex to the Act). These include waste-treatment installations, industrial installations in the processing of energy generation, metallurgy, chemicals, food and certain raw materials and other operations viewed as highly intensive production operations in terms of their impact on the environment (such as paper production, leather processing, textile fibre processing, surface finishing, carbon production etc.). In the integrated permit, the conditions are set for the installation operation based on application of best available techniques (BAT). The IPPC process takes usually 5-10 months.

Termination of the IPPC process is obligatory for launching the building permit proceedings.

### **Building Permit**

The building permit requires a more detailed elaboration of permit requirements (it deals mainly with the interior lay-out of the planned structure and technical quality, fire safety etc.). Building Permit Documentation (usually in detail of basic design, extended according to the Czech legislation) including tens of statements from the relevant authorities is necessary in the building permit application. The entire permitting proceedings should take 2-3 months (without obtaining the statements). The permit is valid for two years and may be extended by the Building Office upon request.

#### **Final Approval**

This document is issued upon completion of construction. The Building Office inspects the fulfilment of the conditions set by issued permits, statements and relevant legislation. The final approval allows the investor to start using the building, i.e. to start production (sometimes as a trial operation).

#### Please note:

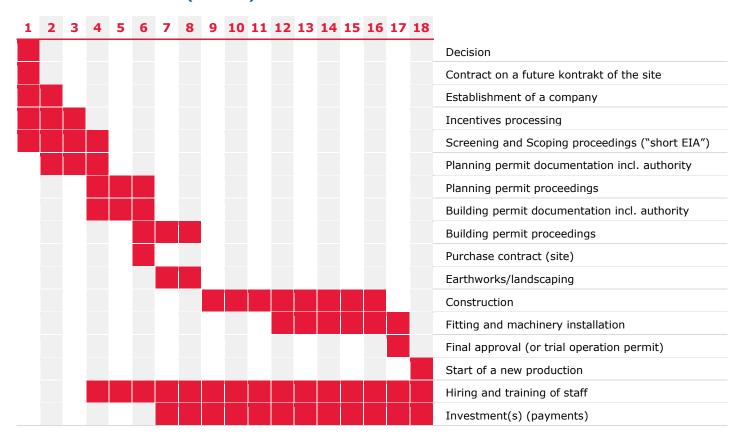
A new Building Act has recently been approved and will come fully into force including two amends in July 2024. Some particular changes were implemented. The new act is intended to significantly shorten the time required for obtaining a building permit and to simplify and digitise the permitting proceedings.

# **Project development example**



The chart below gives an example of a typical light industrial greenfield investment with Screening & Scoping proceedings and investment incentives (for incentive scheme please see FS 03 Investment Incentives), without IPPC. The whole process, which applies to most projects, from investment decision to start of new production, typically takes approximately **12-18 months**. Nevertheless, a well-prepared process can be shortened with some initiative on the part of the investor. On the other hand, the process of a huge and complicated project (including steps 2 and 4) can take over 18 months.

# Example of a typical greenfield investment with Screening & Scoping proceedings and investment incentives (Months)



#### **Construction Cost Estimate**

Roads - price w/o landscaping depends on material and type of the road	CZK 2,200 - 3,900/m <sup>2</sup>
Sidewalks - price w/o landscaping depends on material	CZK 1,000 - 4,400/m <sup>2</sup>
External sewerage depends on materials, pipe up to 800mm	CZK 5,390 - 11,990/1m
Water mains depends on material, pipe diameter up to 400mm	CZK 4,860 - 8,580/1m
Electricity high voltage line 22 - 35 kW	CZK 4,290 - 8,010/1m
Industrial halls depends on purpose, material	CZK 19,600 - 32,000/m <sup>2</sup>
More equipped industrial halls depends on purpose, construction system, material	CZK 28,000 – 58,000/m²
Office buildings depends on construction system and level of standard	CZK 34,000 - 55,000/m <sup>2</sup>
Rough landscaping topsoil stripping, back filling, etc.	CZK 500 - 1,140/m²
Final landscaping vegetation cover, amenities planning, etc.	CZK 90 – 1,100/m²

**Top 10 Building Companies** 

Company	Turnover CZK/bill.
Metrostav	20.0
Eurovia CS	16.8
Strabag	16.2
OHLA ŽS	9.2
Skanska	7.5
PORR	7.2
Subterra	6.9
Imos Brno	6.9
Swietelsky	6.8
Strabag Rail	6.5
	Metrostav Eurovia CS Strabag OHLA ŽS Skanska PORR Subterra Imos Brno Swietelsky

Source: Bilfinger Tebodin Czech Republic, s.r.o. 2023